



2A, 6V, 1.5MHz

Synchronous Step-Down Converter

Preliminary Specifications Subject to Change without Notice

DESCRIPTION

The JW®5223 is a current mode monolithic buck switching regulator. Operating with an input range of 2.5V-6V, the JW5223 delivers 2A of continuous output current with integrated P-Channel and N-Channel MOSFETs. The internal synchronous power switches provide high efficiency. At light loads, the regulator operate in low frequency to maintain high efficiency and low output ripples. Current mode control provides tight load transient response and cycle-by-cycle current limit.

The JW5223 guarantees robustness with hiccup output short-circuit protection, start-up current run-away protection, input under voltage lockout protection, hot-plug in protection, and thermal protection.

The JW5223 provides output power good indication which is only available in SOT23-6 package.

The JW5223 is available in 5-pin SOT23-5 or 6-pin SOT23-6 package, which provides a compact solution with minimal external components.

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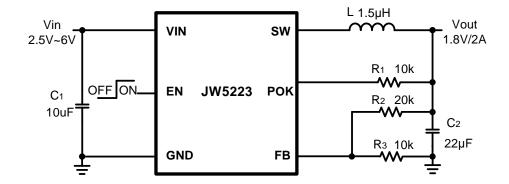
FEATURES

- 2.5V to 6V operating input range
- Up to 2A output current
- Up to 94% peak efficiency
- High efficiency (>85%) at light load
- Internal Soft-Start
- 1.5MHz switching frequency
- Input under voltage lockout
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal protection
- Hot-plug in protection
- Output POK indication (available in SOT23-6 package)
- Available in SOT23-5/SOT23-6 package

APPLICATIONS

- 5V or 3.3V Point of Load Conversion
- Set Top Boxes
- Telecom/Networking Systems
- Storage Equipment
- GPU/DDR Power Supply

TYPICAL APPLICATION



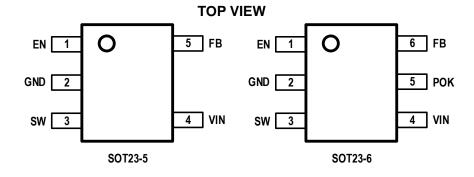
ORDER INFORMATION

	DEVICE ¹⁾	PACKAGE	TOP MARKING ²⁾			
	INVESSE COTA #TDDDF	COT22 F	JWF5□			
JW5223SOTA#TRPBF	JW522350TA#TRPBF	SOT23-5	YW□□□			
JW5223SOTB#TRPBF		SOT23-6	JWF4□			
	JW3223501B#1RPBF	30123-0	YW□□□			

Notes:



PIN CONFIGURATION



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING¹⁾

All Pins	0.3V to 7.2V
Junction Temperature. ^{2) 3)}	150°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
ESD Susceptibility (Human Body Model)	2kV
Dynamic Vin and SW Voltage	1.7V for 40ns to 8.5V for 70ns

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Input Voltage VIN	2.5V to 6V					
Output Voltage Vout						
Operating Junction Temperature	40°C to 125°C					
THERMAL PERFORMANCE	$ heta_{J\!A}$	$ heta_{\!\scriptscriptstyle Jc}$				
SOT23-5 ⁴)	220.	130°C/W				
SOT23-6 ⁴⁾	220.	130°C/W				
SOT23-5 ⁵)	125.	25°C/W				
SOT23-6 ⁵⁾	125.	25°C/W				

Note:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The JW5223 guarantees robust performance from -40°C to 150°C junction temperature. The junction temperature range specification is assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.
- 3) The JW5223 includes thermal protection that is intended to protect the device in overload conditions. Thermal protection is active when junction temperature exceeds the maximum operating junction temperature. Continuous operation over the specified absolute maximum operating junction temperature may damage the device.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.
- **5)** Measured on a two-layer JW5223 Evaluation Board at T_A=25 °C.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VIN=5V, T_A =25 C , unless otherwise stated.									
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units			
V _{IN} Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	V _{IN_UVLO}	V _{IN} rising	2.25	2.4	2.55	V			
V _{IN} Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis ⁶⁾	VIN_UVLO_HYST	V _{IN} falling		180		mV			
V _{IN} Over Voltage Protection Threshold	V _{IN_OVP}	VIN rising	6.5	7	7.5	V			
V _{IN} Over Voltage Protection Hysteresis ⁶⁾	V _{IN_OVP_HYST}	VIN falling		400		mV			
Shutdown Current	Ishdn	V _{EN} =0V		0.1	1	μA			
Quiescent Current	ΙQ	V _{EN} =2V, V _{FB} =V _{REF} *105%		40	60	μΑ			
Regulated Feedback Voltage	V _{FB}	2.5V <vin<6v< td=""><td>0.582</td><td>0.6</td><td>0.618</td><td>V</td></vin<6v<>	0.582	0.6	0.618	V			
PFET On Resistance ⁶⁾	R _{DSON_P}	VIN=3.6V, I _{SW} =200mA		150		mΩ			
NFET On Resistance ⁶⁾	R _{DSON_N}	VIN=3.6V, I _{SW} =-200mA		130		mΩ			
PFET Leakage Current	I _{LEAK_P}	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{EN} =0V, V _{SW} =0V			1	uA			
NFET Leakage Current	ILEAK_N	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{EN} =0V, V _{SW} =5.5V			1	uA			
PFET Current Limit ⁶⁾	I _{LIM_TOP}		1.92	2.4	2.88	Α			
NFET Current Limit ⁶⁾	I _{LIM_BOT}		1.44	1.8	2.16	Α			
Switch Frequency	Fsw	I _{OUT} =2A	1.2	1.5	1.8	MHz			
Minimum On Time ⁶⁾	T _{ON_MIN}			100		ns			
Maximum Duty Cycle ⁶⁾	DMAX			75		%			
EN Rising Threshold	V _{EN_TH}	V _{EN} rising, FB=0.4V	1.5			V			
EN Falling Threshold	V _{EN_HYST}	V _{EN} falling, FB=0.4V			0.4	V			
Soft-Start Time ⁶⁾	t _{SS}		0.84	1.2	1.56	ms			
Thermal Shutdown Threshold ⁶⁾	T _{SHDN}			150		°C			
Temperature Hysteresis ⁶⁾	T _{HYS}			15		°C			

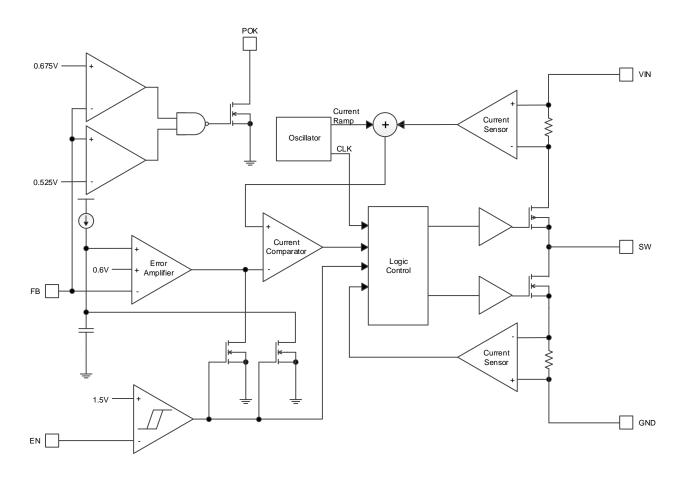
Note:

6) Guaranteed by design.

PIN DESCRIPTION

SOT23-6 Pin	Name	Description
1	EN	Drive EN pin high to turn on the regulator and low to turn off the regulator.
2	GND	Ground pin.
3	SW	SW is the switching node that supplies power to the output. Connect the output LC filter from SW to the output load.
4	VIN	Input voltage pin. VIN supplies power to the IC. Connect a 2.5V to 6V supply to VIN and bypass VIN to GND with a suitably large capacitor to eliminate noise on the input to the IC.
5	POK	Open drain output. Connect a $10K\Omega$ resistor from POK to output. POK is high when V_{FB} is within +/-12.5% of V_{REF} .
6	FB	Output feedback pin. FB senses the output voltage and is regulated by the control loop to 0.6V. Connect a resistive divider at FB.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

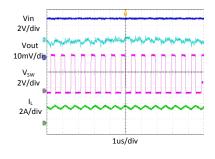


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Vin = 5V, Vout = 1.8V, L = 1.5 μ H, Cout = 22 μ F, TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted

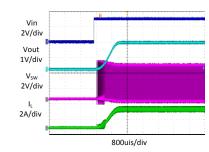
Steady State Test

VIN=5V, Vout=1.8V lout=2A



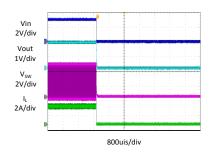
Startup through Enable

VIN=5V, Vout=1.8V lout=2A(Resistive load)



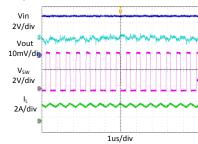
Shutdown through Enable

VIN=5V, Vout=1.8V lout=2A(Resistive load)



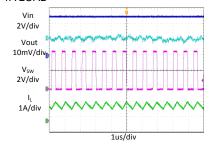
Heavy Load Operation

2A LOAD



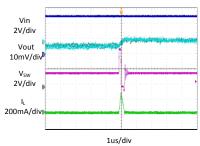
Medium Load Operation

1A LOAD



Light Load Operation

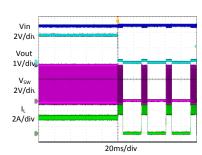
0 A LOAD



Short Circuit Protection

VIN=5V, Vout=1.8V

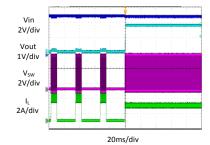
lout=2A- Short



Short Circuit Protection

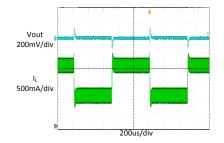
VIN=5V, Vout=1.8V

Iout= Short-2A



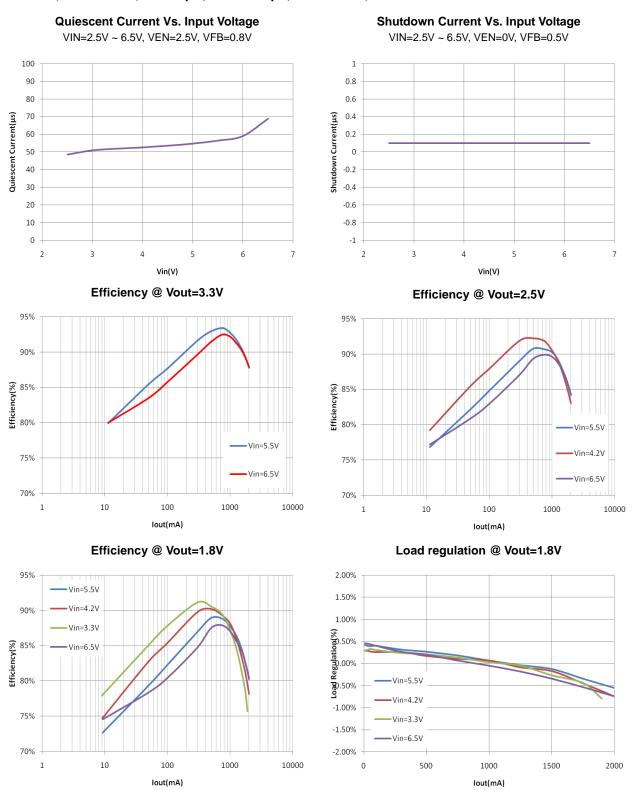
Load Transient

 $1A LOAD \rightarrow 2A LOAD \rightarrow 1A LOAD$



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Vin = 5V, Vout = 1.8V, L = 1.5 μ H, Cout = 22 μ F, TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The JW5223 is a synchronous, current-mode, step-down regulator. It regulates input voltages from 2.5V~6V down to an output voltage as low as 0.6V, and is capable of supplying up to 2A of load current.

Current-Mode Control

The JW5223 utilizes current-mode control to regulate the output voltage. The output voltage is measured at the FB pin through a resistive voltage divider and the error is amplified by the internal transconductance error amplifier.

Output of the internal error amplifier is compared with the switch current measured internally to control the output current limit.

PFM Mode

The JW5223 operates in PFM mode at light load. In PFM mode, switch frequency is continuously controlled in proportion to the load current, i.e. switch frequency decreases when load current drops to boost power efficiency at light load by reducing switch-loss, while switch frequency increases when load current rises, minimizing output voltage ripples.

Shut-Down Mode

The JW5223 operates in shut-down mode when voltage at EN pin is driven below 0.4V. In shut-down mode, the entire regulator is off and the supply current consumed by the JW5223 drops below 1uA.

Power Switches

P-channel and N-channel MOSFET switches are integrated on the JW5223 to down convert the input voltage to the regulated output voltage.

Hot-Plug in Protection

If the VIN voltage exceeds 6.85V, IC will turn off power switch, entering over-voltage protection. It will remain in this state until VIN voltage is less than 6.5V.

Output Current Run-Away Protection

At start-up, due to the high voltage at input and low voltage at output, current inertia of the output inductance can be easily built up, resulting in a large start-up output current. A valley current limit is designed in the JW5223 so that only when output current drops below the valley current limit can the bottom power switch be turned off. By such control mechanism, the output current at start-up is well controlled.

Short Circuit Protection

When output is shorted to ground, the switching frequency is reduced to prevent the inductor current from increasing beyond PFET current limit. If short circuit condition holds for more than 1024 cycles, both PFET and NFET are forced off and can be enabled again after 8ms. This procedure is repeated as long as short circuit condition is not removed.

Thermal Protection

When the temperature of the JW5223 rises above 150°C, it is forced into thermal shut-down.

Only when core temperature drops below 135°C can the regulator becomes active again.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Duty Cycle Limit

The JW5223 does not support to work more than 75% duty cycle. The input and output voltages should meet the following condition:

$$D = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{V_{\text{IN}}} \le 75\%$$

Output Voltage Set

The output voltage is determined by the resistor divider connected at the FB pin, and the voltage ratio is:

$$V_{FB} = V_{OUT} \cdot \frac{R_3}{R_2 + R_3}$$

where VFB is the feedback voltage and Vout is the output voltage.

Choose R₃ around $10K\omega$, and then R₂ can be calculated by:

$$R_2 = R_3 \cdot \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{0.6 V} - 1 \right)$$

The following table lists the recommended values.

Vout(V)	R2(KΩ)	R3(KΩ)			
1.2	10	10			
1.8	20	10			
2.5	31.6	10			
3.3	49.9	11			

Input Capacitor

The input capacitor is used to supply the AC input current to the step-down converter and maintaining the DC input voltage. The ripple current through the input capacitor can be calculated by:

$$I_{C1} = I_{LOAD} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{v_{OUT}}{v_{IN}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{v_{OUT}}{v_{IN}}\right)}$$

where ILOAD is the load current, VOUT is the output voltage, VIN is the input voltage.

Thus the input capacitor can be calculated by the following equation when the input ripple voltage is determined.

$$C_{1} = \frac{I_{LOAD}}{f_{S} \cdot \Delta V_{IN}} \cdot \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

where C1 is the input capacitance value, fs is the switching frequency, $\triangle VIN$ is the input ripple current.

The input capacitor can be electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic. To minimizing the potential noise, a small X5R or X7R ceramic capacitor, i.e. 0.1uF, should be placed as close to the IC as possible when using electrolytic capacitors.

A 10uF/0805/10V ceramic capacitor is recommended in typical application.

Output Capacitor

The output capacitor is required to maintain the DC output voltage, and the capacitance value determines the output ripple voltage. The output voltage ripple can be calculated by:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{f_{s} \cdot L} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right) \cdot \left(R_{ESR} + \frac{1}{8 \cdot f_{s} \cdot C_{2}}\right)$$

where C₂ is the output capacitance value and RESR is the equivalent series resistance value of the output capacitor.

The output capacitor can be low ESR electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic, which lower ESR capacitors get lower output ripple voltage.

The output capacitors also affect the system stability and transient response, and two 22uF/0805/6.3V ceramic capacitor is recommended in typical application.

Inductor

The inductor is used to supply constant current to the output load, and the value determines the ripple current which affect the efficiency and the output voltage ripple. The ripple current is typically allowed to be 30% of the maximum switch current limit, thus the inductance value can be calculated by:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT}}{f_{s} \cdot \Delta I_{L}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

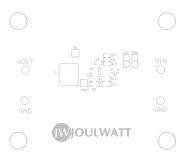
where VIN is the input voltage, VOUT is the output voltage, fs is the switching frequency, and \triangle IL is the peak-to-peak inductor ripple current.

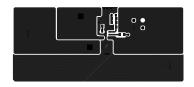
PCB Layout Note

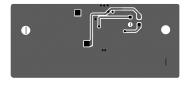
For minimum noise problem and best operating performance, the PCB is preferred to following the guidelines as reference.

 Place the input decoupling capacitor as close to JW5223 (VIN pin and PGND) as possible to eliminate noise at the input pin. The loop area formed by input capacitor and GND must be minimized.

- Put the feedback trace as far away from the inductor and noisy power traces as possible.
- The ground plane on the PCB should be as large as possible for better heat dissipation.







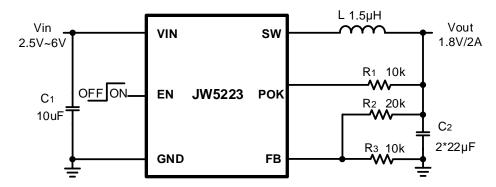
REFERENCE DESIGN

Note: Information in the following reference design sections is not part of JoulWatt component specification. Customers are responsible for determining suitability of components chosen for their purposes and should validate their design implementation to make sure the proper system functionality.

Reference 1:

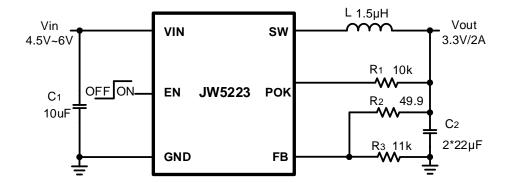
V_{IN}: 2.5V ~ 6V

V_{OUT}: 1.8V I_{OUT}: 0~2A



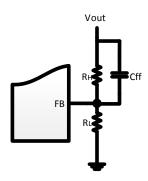
Reference 2:

 V_{IN} : 4.5V ~ 6V V_{OUT} : 3.3V I_{OUT} : 0~2A



External Components Suggestion:

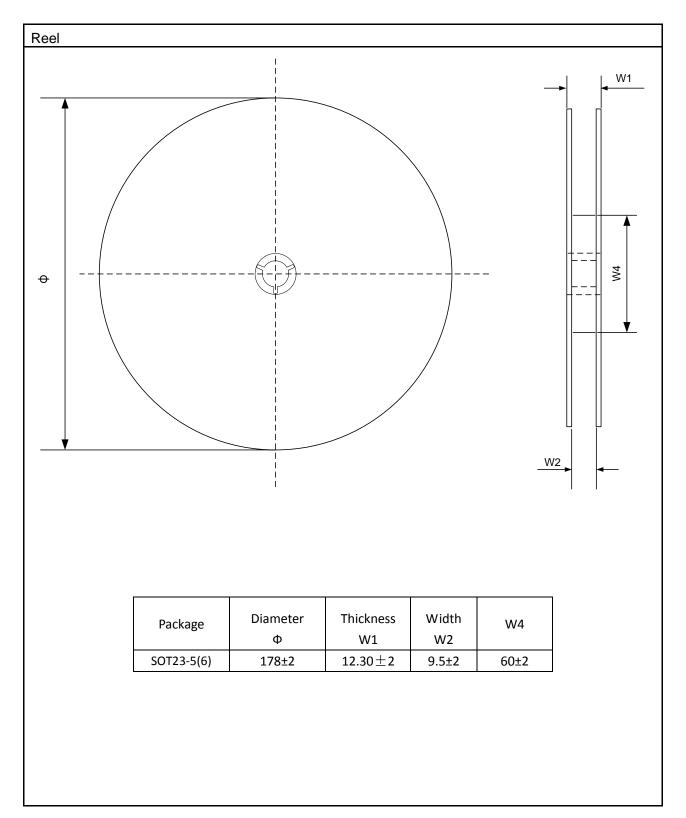
Vout(V)	RH (kΩ)	RL (kΩ)	Cff (pF)	L (µH)	Соит_мом (µF)	Cout_eff (µF)
1	6.8	10.2	NC~470	1~2.2	30~66	20~45
1.2	10	10	NC~470	1~2.2	30~66	20~45
1.8	20	10	NC~470	1~2.2	44~66	20~30
3.3	49.9	11	NC~470	1~2.2	44~66	20~30



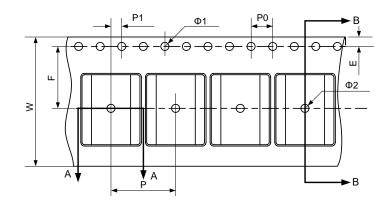
Notes:

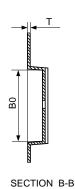
- 1) In order to improve dynamic performance, a feedforward capacitor (C_{ff}) can be considered to be in parallel with R_H.
- 2) Capacitor tolerance and bias voltage de-rating should be considered. The effective capacitance can vary by +20% and -80%. Please refer to the datasheet of the capacitor.
- 3) Cout_Nom is the minimum nominal capacitance value of Cout (output capacitance). Cout_EFF is the minimum effective capacitance value of Cout.

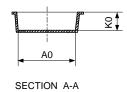
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



Carrier Tape UNIT: mm





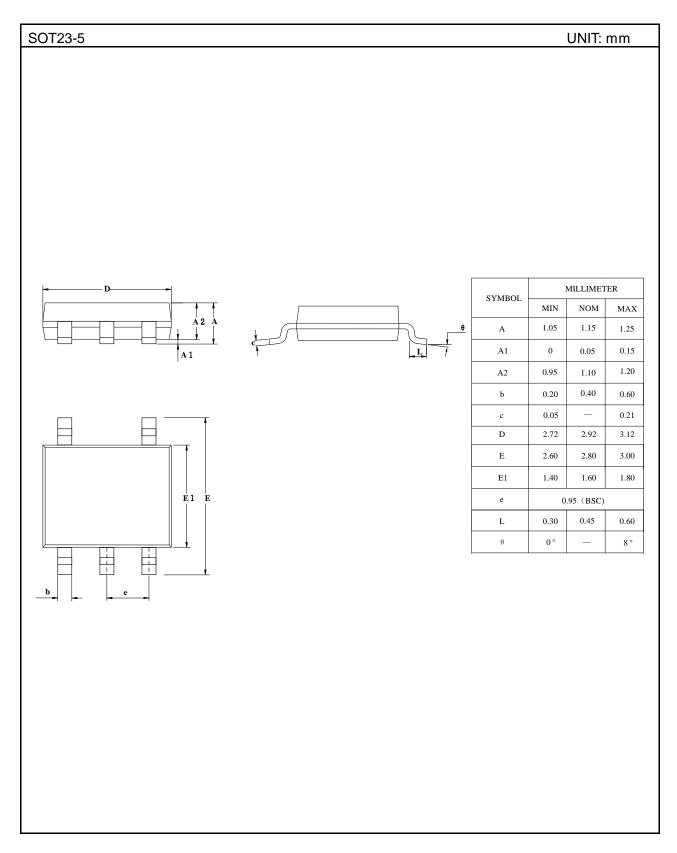


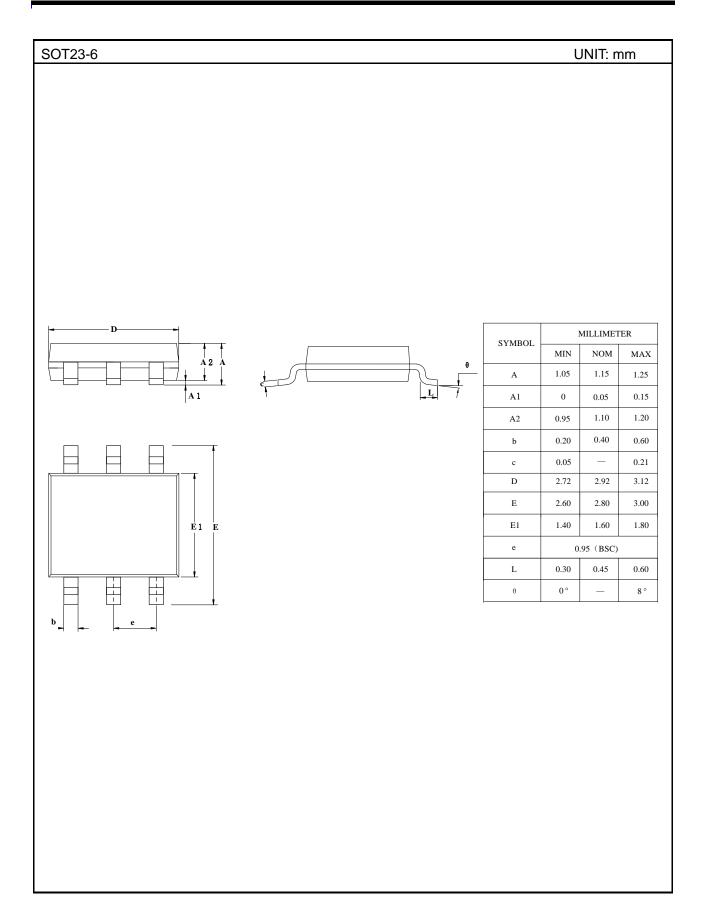
- Note:

 1) The carrier type is black, and colorless transparent.
 - 2) Carrier camber is within 1mm in 100mm.
 - 3) 10 pocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance:±0.20.
 - 4) All dimensions are in mm.

Package₽	P0 <i>₽</i>	P1 <i>←</i>	P⊕	A0₽	B0€	₩₽	T0₽	K0₽	Φ 1∉	Φ 2₽	E₽	F₽	
SOT23-5(6).	4.0±0.1.	2.0±0.1.	4.0±0.1.	3.23±0.2.	3.17±0.2.	8.0±0.3₽	0.25±0.2.	1.37±0.2.	1.55±0.10.	1.00min.s	1.75±0.1.	3.50±0.1.	Ī

PACKAGE OUTLINE





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