



1A, 6V, 1.5MHz, 40uA IQ

Synchronous Step-Down Converter

Preliminary Specifications Subject to Change without Notice

DESCRIPTION

The JW[®]5250S is a monolithic buck switching regulator based on constant on-time (COT) control for fast transient response. Operating with an input range of 2.7V-6.0V, the JW5250S delivers 1A of continuous output current with integrated P-Channel and N-Channel MOSFETs. The internal synchronous power switches provide high efficiency. At light loads, the regulator operate in low frequency to maintain high efficiency and low output ripples.

The JW5250S guarantees robustness with hiccup output short-circuit protection, FB short-circuit protection, start-up current run-away protection, input under voltage lockout and hot-plug in, and thermal protection.

The JW5250S is available in 5-pin SOT23-5 and 6-pin SOT563 package, which provides a compact solution with minimal external components.

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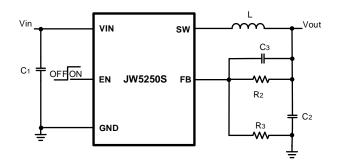
FEATURES

- 2.7V to 6.0V operating input range
- Up to 1A output current
- Up to 92% peak efficiency
- Internal soft-start
- 1.5MHz switching frequency
- Input under voltage lockout
- Hot-plug in protection
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal protection
- Available in SOT23-5/SOT563 package

APPLICATIONS

- 5V or 3.3V Point of Load Conversion
- Set Top Boxes
- Telecom/Networking Systems
- Storage Equipment
- GPU/DDR Power Supply

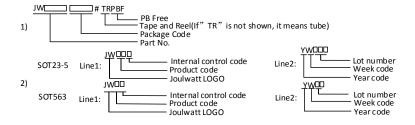
TYPICAL APPLICATION



ORDER INFORMATION

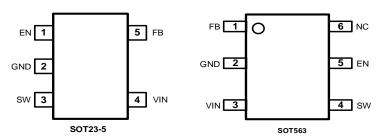
DEVICE ¹⁾	PACKAGE	TOP MARKING ²⁾
NA/FOEOCCOTA #TDDDE	COT22 F	JWK8□
JW5250SSOTA#TRPBF	SOT23-5	YW□□□
JW5250SSOTI#TRPBF	SOT563	JMD□
JW323033011#1RPBF	301303	YW□□

Note:



PIN CONFIGURATION

TOP VIEW



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING¹⁾

EN, FB Pins	-0.3V to 7.0 V
Vin, SW Pins	0.3V(-3V for 20ns) to 7.0V(7.1V for 70ns)
Junction Temperature. 2)	150°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
ESD Susceptibility (Human Body	Model)

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS³⁾

Input Voltage V _{IN}		
Output Voltage Vout	0.0	6V to VIN
Operating Junction Temperature	40°C	to 125°C
THERMAL PERFORMANCE ⁴⁾	$ heta_{\!\scriptscriptstyle J\!\!A}$	$ heta_{\!\scriptscriptstyle J\!c}$
SOT23-5	105	27°C/W
SOT563	120	35°C/W

Note:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device. These stress ratings do not imply function operation of the device at any other conditions beyond those indicated under RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS.
- 2) The JW5250S includes thermal protection that is intended to protect the device in overload conditions. Continuous operation over the specified absolute maximum operating junction temperature may damage the device.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on a two-layer JW5250S Evaluation Board at TA=25°C.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VIN=5V, T_A =25 C , unless otherwise	se stated.					
ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V _{IN} Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	V _{IN_UVLO}	V _{IN} rising	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
V _{IN} Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	VIN_UVLO_HYST	V _{IN} falling		200		mV
V _{IN} Hot-plug in Protection Threshold	V _{IN_OVP}	VIN rising	6.1	6.6		V
V _{IN} Hot-plug in Protection Hysteresis	V _{IN_OVP_HYST}	VIN falling		600		mV
Shutdown Current	I _{SHDN}	VIN=6.0V, VEN=0V		0.1	1	μA
Quiescent Current	IQ	V _{EN} =5V, I _{OUT} =0A, V _{FB} =V _{REF} *105%		40	70	μΑ
Regulated Feedback Voltage	V _{FB}	2.7V <vin<6.0v< td=""><td>0.588</td><td>0.6</td><td>0.612</td><td>V</td></vin<6.0v<>	0.588	0.6	0.612	V
PFET On Resistance ⁵⁾	R _{DSON_P}	V _{IN} =3.6V, I _{SW} =200mA		260		mΩ
NFET On Resistance ⁵⁾	R _{DSON_N}	V _{IN} =3.6V, I _{SW} =-200mA		190		mΩ
PFET Leakage Current	I _{LEAK_P}	V _{IN} =6.0V, V _{EN} =0V, V _{SW} =0V			1	uA
NFET Leakage Current	ILEAK_N	V _{IN} =6.0V, V _{EN} =0V, V _{SW} =6.0V			1	uA
PFET Current Limit ⁵⁾	I _{LIM_TOP}		1.6	2.0	2.4	Α
NFET Current Limit ⁵⁾	I _{LIM_BOT}		1.2	1.5	1.8	Α
Switch Frequency	Fsw	I _{OUT} =1A		1.5		MHz
Minimum On Time ⁵⁾	Ton_min			100		ns
Maximum Duty Cycle ⁵⁾	D _{MAX}			100		%
EN Input Logic High Voltage	V _{EN_H}	V _{EN} rising, FB=0.3V	1.5			V
EN Input Logic Low Voltage	V _{EN_L}	V _{EN} falling, FB=0.3V			0.4	V
Thermal Shutdown Threshold ⁵⁾	T _{SHDN}			150		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T _{HYST}			20		°C

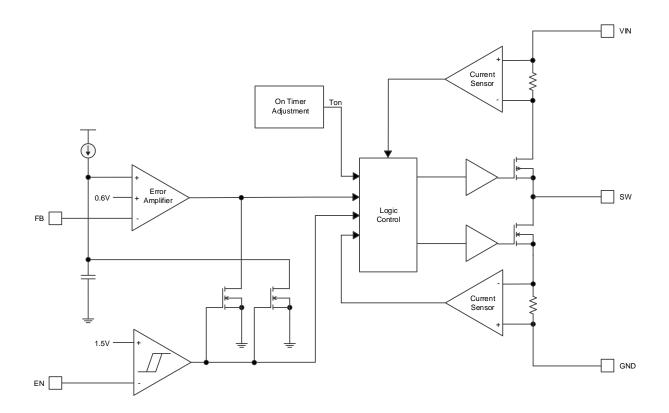
Note:

5) Guaranteed by design

PIN DESCRIPTION

Р	in	Massa	Paramin time
SOT23-5	SOT563	Name	Description
1	5	EN	Drive EN pin high to turn on the regulator and low to turn off the regulator.
2	2	GND	Ground pin.
3	4	SW	SW is the switching node that supplies power to the output. Connect the
3	4	SVV	output LC filter from SW to the output load.
			Input voltage pin. VIN supplies power to the IC. Connect a 2.7V to 6.0V supply
4	3	VIN	to VIN and bypass VIN to GND with a suitably large capacitor to eliminate
			noise on the input to the IC.
5	1	FB	Output feedback pin. FB senses the output voltage and is regulated by the
5	5 1 FB		control loop to 0.6V. Connect a resistive divider at FB.
	6	NC	

BLOCK DIAGRAM



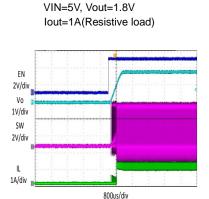
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Vin =5V, Vout = 1.8V, L = 1.5 μ H, Cout = 22 μ F, TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted

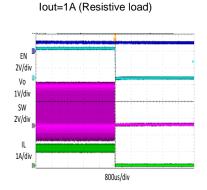
VIN=5V, Vout=1.8V Iout=1A Vin 2V/div Vo.ac 10mV/div SW 2V/div

2us/div

Steady State Test

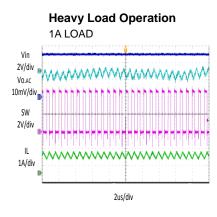


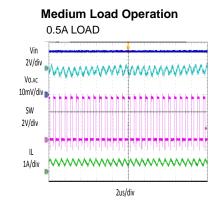
Startup through Enable

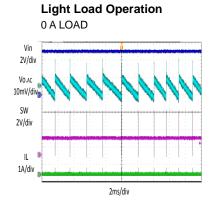


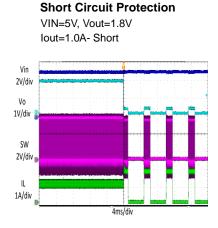
Shutdown through Enable

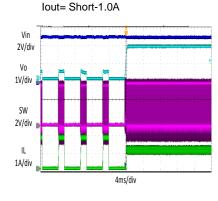
VIN=5V, Vout=1.8V





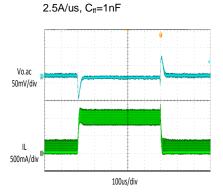






Short Circuit Protection

VIN=5V, Vout=1.8V

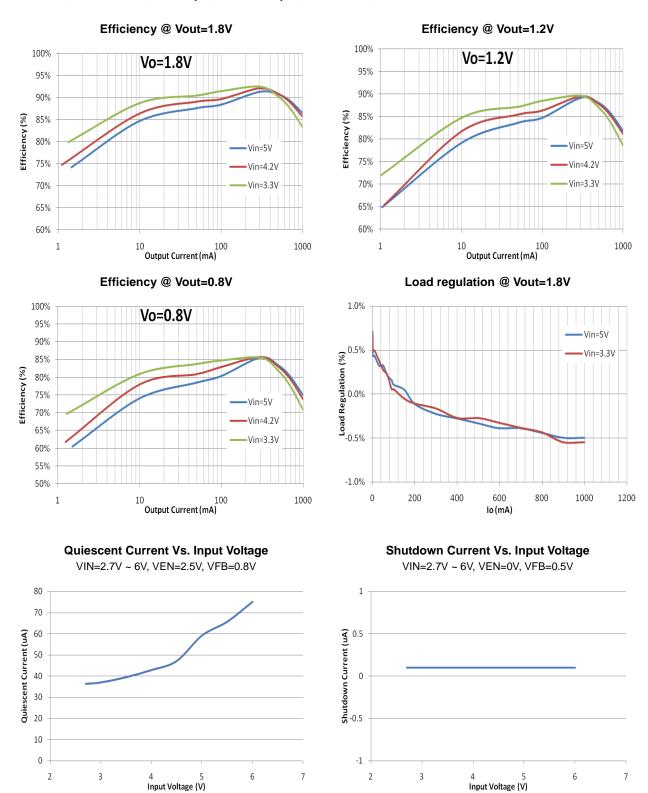


Load Transient

LOAD: 0.1A→ 1.0A → 0.1A

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Vin = 5V, Vout = 1.8V, L = 1.5 μ H, Cout = 22 μ F, TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The JW5250S is a constant on-time control, synchronous, step-down regulator. It regulates input voltages from 2.7V~6.0V down to an output voltage as low as 0.6V, and is capable of supplying up to 1A of load current.

Constant On-time Control

The JW5250S utilizes constant on-time control to regulate the output voltage. The output voltage is measured at the FB pin through a resistive voltage divider and the error is amplified by the internal transconductance error amplifier.

Output of the internal error amplifier is compared with the switch current measured internally to control the output current limit.

PFM Mode

The JW5250S operates in PFM mode at light load. In PFM mode, switch frequency is continuously controlled in proportion to the load current, i.e. switch frequency decreases when load current drops to boost power efficiency at light load by reducing switch-loss, while switch frequency increases when load current rises, minimizing output voltage ripples.

Shut-Down Mode

The JW5250S operates in shut-down mode when voltage at EN pin is driven below 0.4V. In shut-down mode, the entire regulator is off and the supply current consumed by the JW5250S drops below 1uA.

Power Switches

P-channel and N-channel MOSFET switches

are integrated on the JW5250S to down convert the input voltage to the regulated output voltage.

Short Circuit Protection

When output is shorted to ground, the switching frequency is reduced to prevent the inductor current from increasing beyond PFET current limit. If short circuit condition holds for more than 1024 cycles, both PFET and NFET are forced off and can be enabled again after 8ms. This procedure is repeated as long as short circuit condition is not removed.

FB Short Circuit Protection

When FB is shorted to ground and holds for more 16 cycles, NFET will be turned off after inductor current drops to zero, and then both PFET and NFET are latched off. When short circuit condition is removed, it can be recovery.

Hot Plug-in Protection

When input voltage is greater than hot plug-in protection threshold, typical 6.8V, it will disable JW5250S. When input voltage decrease below 6.4V, it will be enabled again.

Thermal Protection

When the temperature of the JW5250S rises above 150°C, it is forced into thermal shut-down. Only when core temperature drops below 130°C can the regulator becomes active again.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Output Voltage Set

The output voltage is determined by the resistor divider connected at the FB pin, and the voltage ratio is:

$$V_{FB} = V_{OUT} \cdot \frac{R_3}{R_2 + R_3}$$

where VFB is the feedback voltage and Vout is the output voltage.

Choose R₃ around $10K\Omega$, and then R₂ can be calculated by:

$$R_2 = R_3 \cdot \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{0.6V} - 1 \right)$$

The following table lists the recommended values.

Vout(V)	R2(KΩ)	R3(KΩ)
1.2	10	10
1.8	20	10
2.5	31.6	10
3.3	49.9	11

Input Capacitor

The input capacitor is used to supply the AC input current to the step-down converter and maintaining the DC input voltage. The ripple current through the input capacitor can be calculated by:

$$I_{C1} = I_{LOAD} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)}$$

where ILOAD is the load current, VOUT is the output voltage, VIN is the input voltage.

Thus the input capacitor can be calculated by the following equation when the input ripple voltage is determined.

$$C_{1} = \frac{I_{LOAD}}{f_{s} \cdot \Delta V_{IN}} \cdot \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

where C₁ is the input capacitance value, fs is the switching frequency, $\triangle VIN$ is the input ripple current.

The input capacitor can be electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic. To minimizing the potential noise, a small X5R or X7R ceramic capacitor, i.e. 0.1uF, should be placed closer than 3mm to the IC as possible when using electrolytic capacitors.

A 10uF/0805/10V~22uF/0805/10V ceramic capacitor is recommended in typical application.

Output Capacitor

The output capacitor is required to maintain the DC output voltage, and the capacitance value determines the output ripple voltage. The output voltage ripple can be calculated by:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{f_{s} \cdot L} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right) \cdot \left(R_{ESR} + \frac{1}{8 \cdot f_{s} \cdot C_{2}}\right)$$

where C₂ is the output capacitance value and RESR is the equivalent series resistance value of the output capacitor.

The output capacitor can be low ESR electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic, which lower ESR capacitors get lower output ripple voltage.

The output capacitors also affect the system stability and transient response, and a 22uF/0805/6.3V~44uF/0805/6.3V ceramic capacitor is recommended in typical application.

Inductor

The inductor is used to supply constant current to the output load, and the value determines the ripple current which affect the efficiency and the

output voltage ripple. The ripple current is typically allowed to be 30% of the maximum switch current limit, thus the inductance value can be calculated by:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT}}{f_{s} \cdot \Delta I_{L}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

where VIN is the input voltage, VOUT is the output voltage, fs is the switching frequency, and Δ IL is the peak-to-peak inductor ripple current.

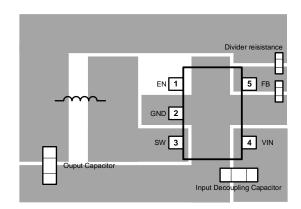
PCB Layout Note

The following advice should be considered when laying out a printed circuit board for the JW5250S.

 Place the input decoupling capacitor as close to JW5250S (VIN pin and PGND) as possible to eliminate noise at the input pin. The loop area formed by input capacitor and GND must be minimized. IC cannot work

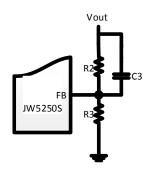
- well when Vin pin is interfered by noise.
- 2. Put the feedback trace as far away from the inductor and noisy power traces as possible.
- 3. The ground plane on the PCB should be as large as possible for better heat dissipation.

Layout Example



External Components Suggestion:

Vout(V)	R2 (kΩ)	R3 (kΩ)	C3 (nF)	L(uH)	Cout(uF)
1	6.8	10.2	NC~1	1~2.2	20~44
1.2	10	10	NC~1	1~2.2	20~44
1.8	20	10	NC~1	1~2.2	20~44
3.3	49.9	11	NC~1	1~2.2	20~44

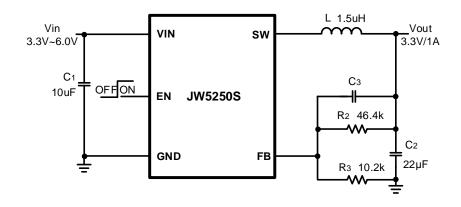


REFERENCE DESIGN

Reference 1:

 V_{IN} : 3.3V ~ 6.0 V

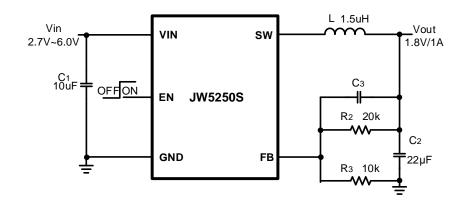
 V_{OUT} : 3.3V I_{OUT} : 0~1A



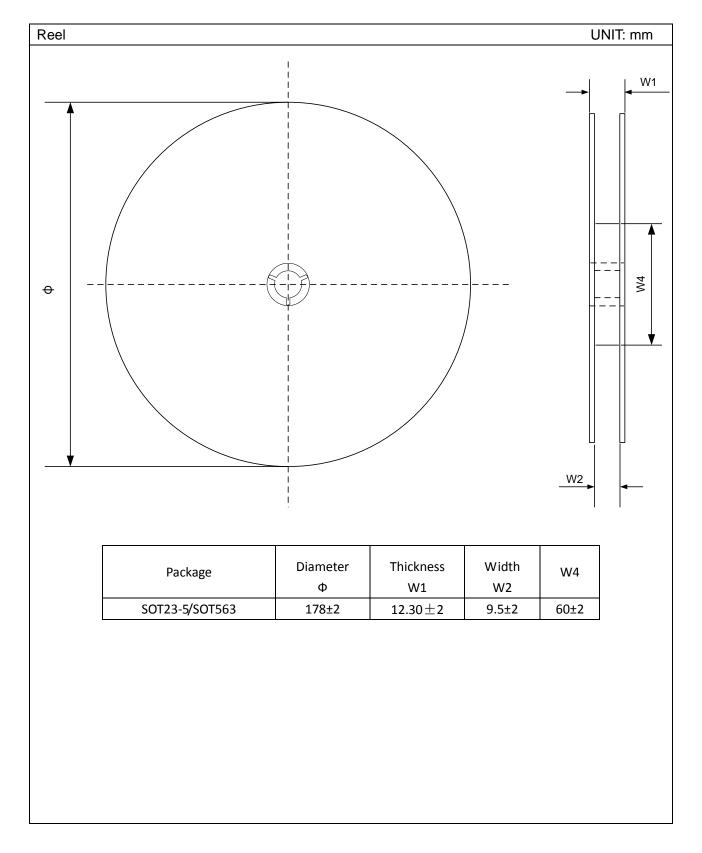
Reference 2:

 V_{IN} : $2.7V \sim 6.0 V$

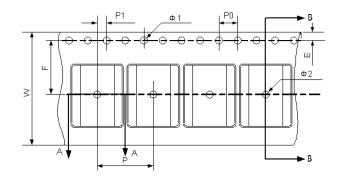
 V_{OUT} : 1.8V I_{OUT} : 0~1A

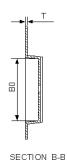


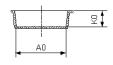
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



Carrier Tape UNIT: mm



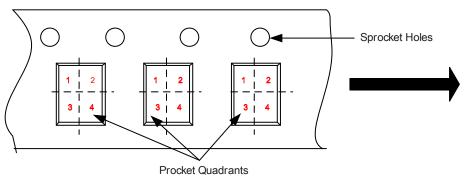




SECTION A-A

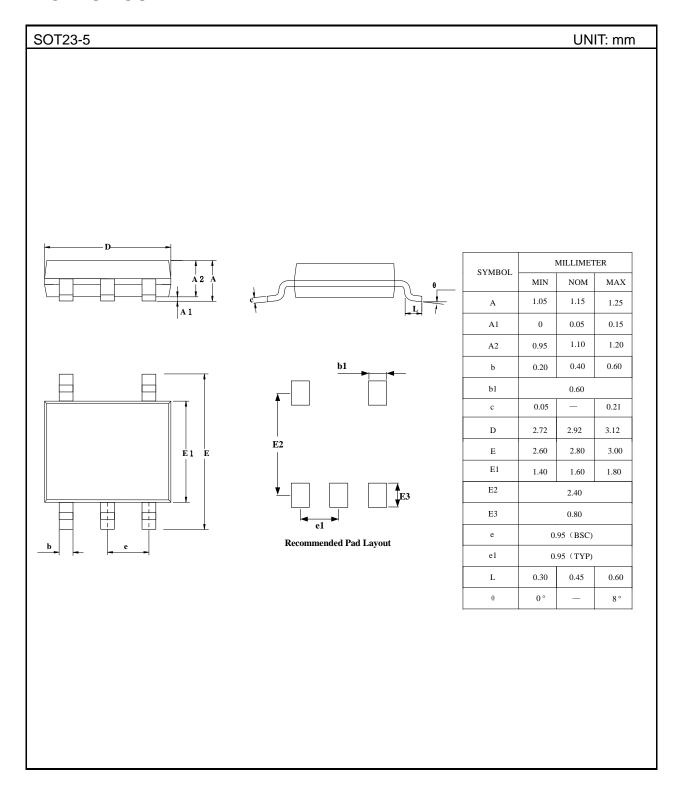
Package⊖	P0€	P1€	P₽	A0€	B0₽	ψe	T↔	K0¢	Φ1₽	Ф 2₽	E⇔	F₽
SOT23-5₽	4.0±0.1₽	2.0±0.1₽	4.0±0.1₽	3.23±0.2₽	3.17±0.2₽	8.0±0.3¢	0.25±0.2₽	1.37±0.2₽	1.55±0.10₽	1.00min₽	1.75±0.1₽	3.50±0.1₽
SOT563₽	4.0±0.1₽	2.0±0.1₽	4.0±0.1₽	1.78 ± 0.3€	1.78 ± 0.3₽	8.0±0.3₽	0.20±0.2₽	0.69 ± 0.2₽	1.50min₽	0.50±0.10₽	1.75±0.1₽	5.50±0.10₽

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

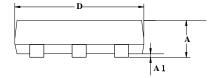


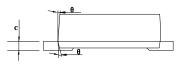
Package Type	Pin1 Quadrant	
SOT23-5	3	
SOT563	3	

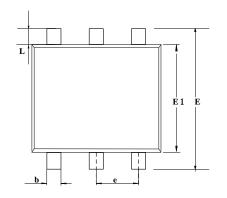
PACKAGE OUTLINE

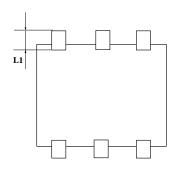












A	0.525	_	0.60
A1	0.00	_	0.05
b	0.17	0.22	0.27
b1		0.25	_
С	0.09	_	0.16
D	1.50	1.60	1.70
Е	1.50	1.60	1.70
E1	1.10	1.20	1.30
E2	_	1.40	_
e	0.45	0.50	0.55
e1	_	0.50	_
L	0.10	0.20	0.30
L1	0.20	0.30	0.4

0.60

MIN

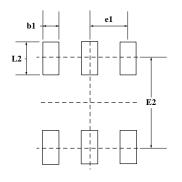
SYMBOL

L2

MILLIMETER

NOM

MAX



NOTE:

- 1. Land pattern of all pins have the same width.
 2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 3. Drawing is not to scale.

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

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