

# JW5361M/JW5361FM

18V/3A

Sync. Step-Down Converter

Preliminary Specifications Subject to Change without Notice

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The JW®5361M and JW®5361FM are monolithic buck switching regulators based on I2 architecture for fast transient response. Operating with an input range of 4.5V~18V, JW5361M and JW5361FM deliver 3A of continuous output current with two integrated N-Channel MOSFETs. The internal synchronous power switches provide high efficiency without the use of an external Schottky diode. At light loads, JW5361M operates in low frequency to maintain high efficiency.

JW5361M and JW5361FM guarantees robustness with output short protection, thermal protection, current run-away protection and input under voltage lockout.

JW5361M and JW5361FM are available in SOT23-6 package, which provide a compact solution with minimal external components.

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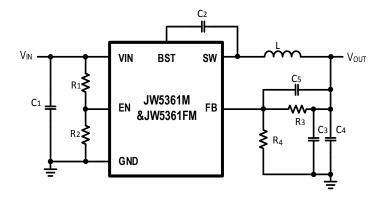
#### **FEATURES**

- 4.5V to 18V operating input range
  3A output current
- Up to 95% efficiency
- FCCM at light load (JW5361FM)
- PFM at light load (JW5361M)
- 600kHz switching frequency
- Internal soft-start
- Input under-voltage lockout
- Current run-away protection
- Output short protection
- Thermal protection
- Available in SOT23-6 package

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Distributed Power Systems
- Networking Systems
- FPGA, DSP, ASIC Power Supplies
- Green Electronics/ Appliances
- Notebook Computers

### TYPICAL APPLICATION



# **ORDER INFORMATION**

DEVICE <sup>1)</sup>	PACKAGE	TOP MARKING <sup>2)</sup>	ENVIRONMENTAL <sup>3)</sup>	
JW5361MSOTB#TR	SOT23-6	JWPC□	Green	
JW530TIVISOTB#TK	30123-0	YW□□□	Green	
IVA/E264EMSOTD#TD	SOT23-6	JWPD□	Green	
JW5361FMSOTB#TR	30123-6	YW□□□	dicen	

#### Notes:



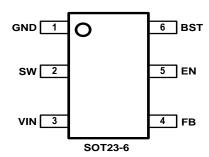
3) All Joulwatt products are packaged with Pb-free and Halogen-free materials and compliant to RoHS standards.

# **DEVICE INFORMATION**

DEVICE	Operation Mode at light load	Function	Package
JW5361MSOTB#TR	PFM	-	SOT23-6
JW5361FMSOTB#TR	FCCM	-	SOT23-6

# **PIN CONFIGURATION**

#### **TOP VIEW**



# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING**<sup>1)</sup>

VIN, EN Pin	0.3V to 20V
SW Pin	0.3V(-5V for 10ns) to 20V(22V for 10ns)
BST Pin	SW-0.3V to SW+4V
All other Pins	0.3V to 4V
Junction Temperature <sup>2)</sup>	150°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION	NS
Input Voltage V <sub>IN</sub>	4.5V to 18V
Output Voltage V <sub>OUT</sub>	0.765V to V <sub>IN</sub> *D <sub>max</sub>
THERMAL PERFORMANCE	$ heta_{\scriptscriptstyle J\!A} \qquad  heta_{\scriptscriptstyle J\!c}$
SOT23-6 <sup>3</sup> )	220130°C/W
SOT23-6 <sup>4</sup> )	14075°C/W

#### Note:

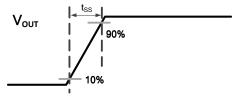
- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device. These stress ratings do not imply function operation of the device at any other conditions beyond those indicated under RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS.
- 2) The JW5361M and JW5361FM include thermal protection that is intended to protect the device in overload conditions. Continuous operation over the specified absolute maximum operating junction temperature may damage the device.
- 3) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.
- 4) Measured on a two-layer JW5361M/JW5361FM Evaluation Board at Ta=25°C.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

VIN=12V, $T_A$ =25 $C$ , Unless otherwise stated.						
ltem	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub> Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	$V_{\text{IN\_MIN}}$	V <sub>IN</sub> rising		4.2		V
V <sub>IN</sub> Under voltage Lockout Hysteresis	VIN_MIN_HYST			350		mV
Shutdown Supply Current	I <sub>SD</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> =0V			1	μΑ
Supply Current	IQ	V <sub>EN</sub> =5V, V <sub>FB</sub> =1V			220	μΑ
Feedback Voltage	.,	T <sub>j</sub> =25 °C		765		mV
reeuback voltage	$V_{FB}$	T <sub>j</sub> =-40 °C~125 °C		765		mV
Top Switch Resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)T</sub>			80		mΩ
Bottom Switch Resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)B</sub>			45		mΩ
Top Switch Leakage Current	I <sub>LEAK_TOP</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =18V, V <sub>EN</sub> =0V, V <sub>SW</sub> =0V			1	μA
Bottom Switch Leakage Current	I <sub>LEAK_BOT</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =18, V <sub>EN</sub> =0V, V <sub>SW</sub> =18V			1	μA
Bottom Switch Current Limit	I <sub>LIM_BOT</sub>			3.5		А
Negative Current Limit	I <sub>LIM_Neg</sub>	(JW5361FM)		-1.5		Α
Minimum On Time <sup>5)</sup>	Ton_min			120		ns
Minimum Off Time	Toff_min	V <sub>FB</sub> =0.4V		150		ns
Maximum On Time	T <sub>ON_Max</sub>			4		us
EN Rising Threshold	V <sub>EN_H</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> rising		1.2	1.3	V
EN Falling Threshold	V <sub>EN_L</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> falling	0.98	1.05		V
Soft-Start Period <sup>5)6)</sup>	t <sub>SS</sub>			1.4		ms
Frequency	fsw			600		kHz
Thermal Shutdown <sup>5)</sup>	T <sub>TSD</sub>			160		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis <sup>5)</sup>	T <sub>TSD_HYST</sub>			20		°C

# Note:

- 5) Guaranteed by design.
- 6) Soft-Start Period is tested from 10% to 90% of the steady state output voltage.

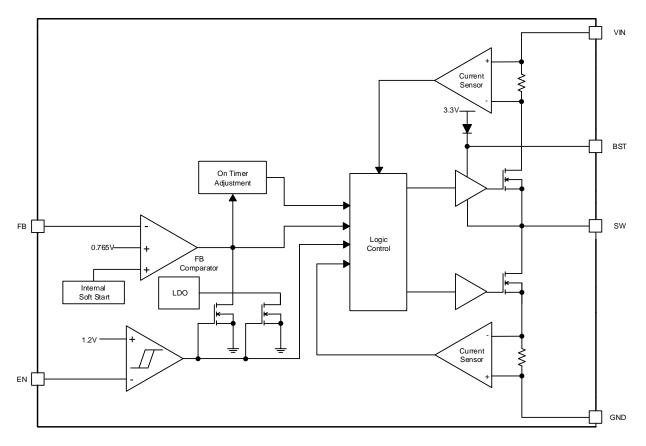


tss Waveform

# **PIN DESCRIPTION**

SOT23-6	Name	Description		
1	GND	Ground pin.		
2 SW		SW is the switching node that supplies power to the output. Connect the output LC filter		
		from SW to the output load.		
		Input voltage pin. VIN supplies power to the IC. Connect a 4.5V to 18V supply to VIN and		
3 VIN		bypass VIN to GND with a suitably large capacitor to eliminate noise on the input to the $$		
		IC.		
4 FB		Output feedback pin. FB senses the output voltage and is regulated by the control loop		
		to 0.765V. Connect a resistive divider at FB.		
5	EN	Drive EN pin high to turn on the regulator and low to turn off the regulator.		
6	BST	Connect a 0.1µF capacitor between BST and SW pin to supply voltage for the top switch		
0		driver.		

# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

JW5361M and JW5361FM are synchronous step-down regulators based on I2 control architecture. It regulates input voltages from 4.5V to 18V down to an output voltage as low as 0.765V, and is capable of supplying up to 3A of load current.

#### **Shut-Down Mode**

The regulator shuts down when voltage at EN pin is driven below 0.4V. The entire regulator is off and the supply current consumed by the regulator drops below  $1\mu$ A.

#### **Power Switch**

N-Channel MOSFET switches are integrated on the JW5361M and JW5361FM to down convert the input voltage to the regulated output voltage. Since the top MOSFET needs a gate voltage great than the input voltage, a boost capacitor connected between BST and SW pins is required to drive the gate of the top switch. The boost capacitor is charged by the internal 3.3V rail when SW is low.

#### **VIN Under-Voltage Protection**

A resistive divider can be connected between  $V_{\text{IN}}$  and ground, with the central tap connected to EN, so that when  $V_{\text{IN}}$  drops to the pre-set value, EN drops below 1.05V to trigger input under voltage lockout protection.

### **Output Current Run-Away Protection**

At start-up, due to the high voltage at input and low voltage at output, current inertia of the output inductor can be easily built up, resulting in a large start-up output current. A valley current limit is designed in JW5361M and JW5361FM so that only when output current drops below the valley current limit can the top power switch be turned on. By such control mechanism, the output current at start-up is well controlled.

# **Output Short Protection**

When the output is shorted to ground, the regulator is allowed to switch for 2048 cycles. If the short condition is cleared within this period, then the regulator resumes normal operation. If the short condition is still present after 2048 switching cycles, then no switching is allowed and the regulator enters hiccup mode for 6144 cycles. After the 6144 hiccup cycles, the regulator will try to start-up again. If the short condition still exists after 2048 cycles of switching, the regulator enters hiccup mode. This process of start-up and hiccup iterate itself until the short condition is removed.

#### **Thermal Protection**

When the temperature of the regulator rises above 160°C, it is forced into thermal shut-down. Only when core temperature drops below 140°C can the regulator become active again.

### APPLICATION INFORMATION

# **Output Voltage Set**

The output voltage is determined by the resistor divider connected at the FB pin, and the voltage ratio is:

$$V_{FB} = V_{OUT} \cdot \frac{R_4}{R_4 + R_3}$$

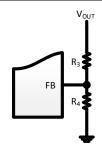
where  $V_{\text{FB}}$  is the feedback voltage and  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  is the output voltage.

Choose  $R_4$  around  $1k\Omega$ , and then  $R_3$  can be calculated by:

$$R_3 = R_4 \cdot \left( \frac{V_{OUT}}{0.765} - 1 \right)$$

The following table lists the recommended values.

V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)	R <sub>4</sub> (kΩ)	R <sub>3</sub> (kΩ)
0.8	1	0.045
1	1	0.30
1.2	1	0.56
1.5	1	0.96
2.5	1	2.3
3.3	1	3.3
5	1	5.5



# **Input Capacitor**

The input capacitor is used to supply the AC input current to the step-down converter and maintain the DC input voltage. The ripple current through the input capacitor can be calculated by:

$$\mathbf{I}_{\text{C1}} = \mathbf{I}_{\text{LOAD}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{V}_{\text{OUT}}}{\mathbf{V}_{\text{IN}}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{\mathbf{V}_{\text{OUT}}}{\mathbf{V}_{\text{IN}}}\right)}$$

where  $I_{LOAD}$  is the load current,  $V_{OUT}$  is the output voltage,  $V_{IN}$  is the input voltage.

The input capacitor can be calculated by the following equation when the input ripple voltage is determined.

$$C_{1} = \frac{I_{LOAD}}{f_{S} \cdot \Delta V_{IN}} \cdot \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

where  $C_1$  is the input capacitance value,  $f_S$  is the switching frequency,  $\triangle V_{IN}$  is the input ripple voltage.

The input capacitor can be electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic. To minimize the potential noise, a small X5R or X7R ceramic capacitor, e.g.  $0.1\mu F$ , should be placed as close to the IC as possible when using electrolytic capacitors.

A  $22\mu F/25V$  ceramic capacitor is recommended in typical application.

# **Output Capacitor**

The output capacitor is required to maintain the DC output voltage, and the capacitance value determines the output ripple voltage. The output voltage ripple can be calculated by:

$$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{f_{\text{S}} \cdot L} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{V_{\text{IN}}}\right) \cdot \left(R_{\text{ESR}} + \frac{1}{8 \cdot f_{\text{S}} \cdot C_{\text{OUT}}}\right)$$

where  $C_{\text{OUT}}$  is the output capacitance value and  $R_{\text{ESR}}$  is the equivalent series resistance value of the output capacitor.

The output capacitor can be low ESR electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic, and lower ESR capacitors get lower output ripple voltage.

The output capacitors also affect the system stability and transient response, and a  $44\mu F\sim66\mu F$  ceramic capacitor is recommended in typical application.

#### Inductor

The inductor is used to supply constant current to the output load, and the value determines the ripple current which affect the efficiency and the output voltage ripple. The ripple current is typically allowed to be 40% of the maximum switch current limit, thus the inductance value can be calculated by:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT}}{f_{S} \cdot \Delta I_{L}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

where  $V_{IN}$  is the input voltage,  $V_{OUT}$  is the output voltage,  $f_S$  is the switching frequency, and  $\triangle I_L$  is the peak-to-peak inductor ripple current.

# **External Bootstrap Capacitor**

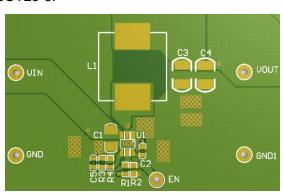
A bootstrap capacitor is required to supply voltage to the top switch driver. A  $0.1\mu F$  low ESR ceramic capacitor is recommended to be connected between the BST pin and SW pin.

#### **PCB Layout Note**

For minimum noise problem and best operating performance, the PCB is preferred to follow the guidelines as below.

- Place the input decoupling capacitor as close to JW5361M or JW5361FM (VIN pin and PGND) as possible to eliminate noise at the input pin. The loop area formed by input capacitor and GND must be minimized.
- 2. Put the feedback trace as far away from the inductor and noisy power traces as possible.
- 3. The ground plane on the PCB should be as large as possible for better heat dissipation.

#### SOT23-6:



**PCB Layout Recommendation** 

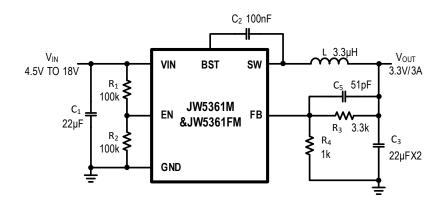
# REFERENCE DESIGN

# Reference 1:

V<sub>IN</sub>: 4.5V~18V

V<sub>OUT</sub>: 3.3V

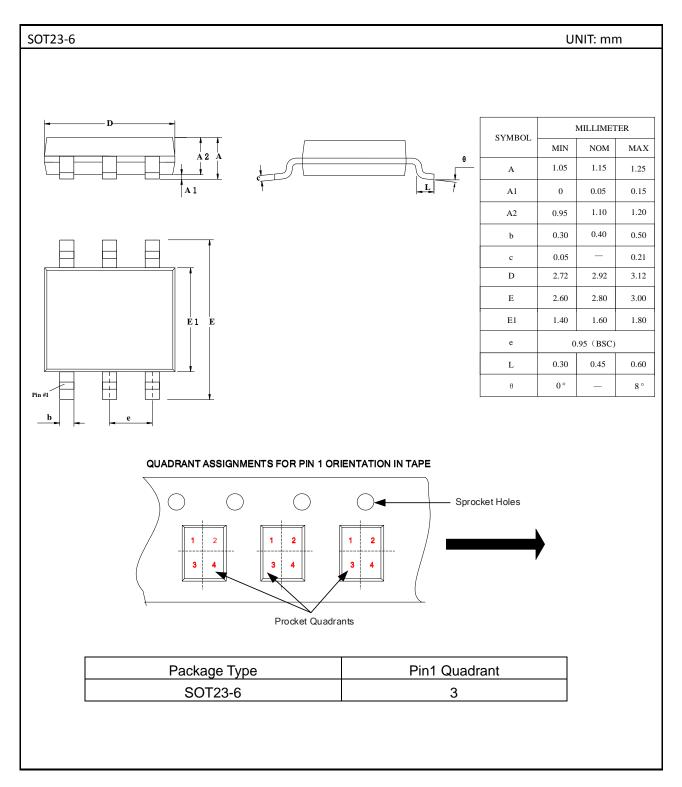
I<sub>LOAD</sub>: 0~3A



# **External Components Suggestion:**

V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)	R <sub>4</sub> (kΩ)	R <sub>3</sub> (kΩ)	C <sub>5</sub> (pF)	L (µH)	C <sub>3</sub> (µF)
0.8	1	0.045	0~100	1.0	54~66
1	1	0.30	0~100	1.0~1.5	54~66
1.2	1	0.56	0~100	1.5~2.2	54~66
1.5	1	0.96	0~100	1.5~2.2	54~66
2.5	1	2.3	0~100	2.2~4.7	44~66
3.3	1	3.3	0~100	3.3~6.8	44~66
5	1	5.5	0~100	3.3~6.8	44~66

# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**



JW5361M/JW5361FM JoulWatt

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